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RAIL IMPACT TESTS OF

GONDOLA AND FLATCAR TRANSPORT

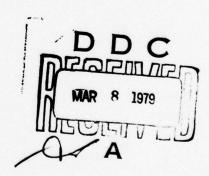
OF EMPTY 20-FOOT INTERMODAL CONTAINERS.

REPORT NO. EVT-23-77

14 - 30 SEPTEMBER 1977

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The current CONUS commercial COFC railcar fleet of less than 7,000 cars probably could support the present Containerized Ammunition Distribution System (CADS) program if proper attention was directed to the existing car shortage problem. However, the fleet would fall far short in the event of mobilization. Therefore, to aid in alleviating the car shortage problem, it was proposed that available conventional flatcars and gondola cars be used to move 20-foot intermodal freight containers when the containers are empty. The rail impact testing program that resulted from this proposal evaluated the container blocking and bracing methods shown in the appendix section of this report. These restraint methods were successful in securing the empty intermodal containers in both the flatcar and gondola types of railcars. This report details the results of that testing program.

DARCOM AMMUNITION CENTER SAVANNA, ILLINOIS

REPORT NO. EVT 23-77

RAIL IMPACT TESTS OF GONDOLA AND FLATCAR TRANSPORT OF EMPTY 20-FOOT INTERMODAL CONTAINERS

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Rail impact Empty Milvans are secured on a flatcar by a wood dunnage system and 2-inch tie-down straps. testing is accomplished by utilizing the switch engine shown here.

PART I

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A. BACKGROUND

A shortage of Container-on-Flatcar (COFC) type rail equipment is one of the problems that has been identified with the present Containerized Ammunition Distribution System (CADS) program, even though the CADS is operating on a very limited basis.

The current CONUS commercial COFC railcar fleet of less than 7,000 cars probably could support the present CADS program if proper attention was directed to the existing car shortage problem. However, the fleet would fall far short in the event of mobilization. Therefore, to aid in alleviating the car shortage problem, it was proposed that available conventional flatcars and gondola cars be used to move 20-foot intermodal freight containers when the containers are empty. See Photograph No. 1.

It is recognized that using COFC rail equipment for moving empty and loaded containers would result in a more efficient system than can be achieved by moving empties on conventional rail cars and loaded containers out on COFC cars. However, the proposed system will not tie up the COFC equipment moving empties when that rail equipment can be used 100 percent of the time moving loaded containers. It is also recognized that COFC cars do not require dunnaging, whereas conventional cars do require some dunnaging, with an associated cost (additional). However, the additional cost could be offset by the value of an improved readiness and responsive posture which must be obtained to

support mobilization requirements.

The rail impact test program that resulted from this proposal evaluates the effect of dunnaging methods developed by the Storage and Outloading Division of the DARCOM Ammunition Center. The tests were conducted by the Center's Evaluation Division and included investigations of both flatcars and gondola cars as a means of transporting empty 20-foot containers.

Due to their availability, a 53'6" flatcar and a 52'6" gondola car were the subjects of this test program. These dimensions contrast with those depicted in the appendix section of this report but serve to emphasize the flexibility of the outloading procedures.

B. AUTHORITY

This study was conducted in accordance with mission responsibilities delegated by the US Army Materiel Development and Readiness Command. Reference is made to:

- 1. Army Regulation 740-1, Chapter 4, dated 4 October 1974.
- 2. ARRCOM Regulation 10-17, dated 14 December 1977.
- Letter, US Army Armament Materiel Readiness Command (DRSAR-TMA),
 July 1977, subject: Proposal-Movements of Empty Intermodal Freight
 Containers by Rail Service.

C. OBJECTIVES

The objectives of this test program are as follows:

 Determine the feasibility of transporting empty intermodal containers on rail flatcars, using the blocking and bracing techniques shown in the appendix section of this report. 2. Determine the feasibility of transporting empty intermodal containers in rail gondola cars, using the blocking and bracing techniques shown in the appendix section of this report.

D. CONCLUSIONS

The results of this rail impact testing program generated the following conclusions:

- 1. The empty container dunnaging methods were rail impact tested on a rail flatcar and proved to be effective.
- 2. The empty container dunnaging methods were rail impact tested in a rail gondola car and proved to be effective.

E. RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that the empty container transporting procedures that were tested be adopted as approved procedures.

PART II

TEST PROCEDURES

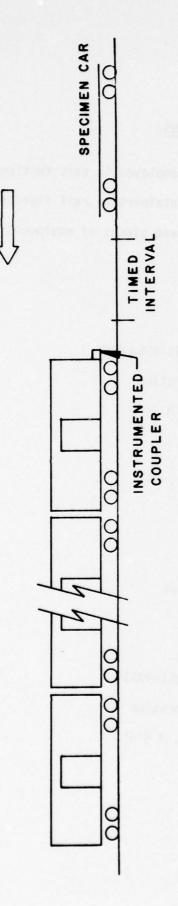
RAIL IMPACT TEST

The test car was impact tested in accordance with approved and standardized testing procedures. Impacting is accomplished by striking the test or specimen car into a line of five stationary, empty "buffer" cars which are coupled together with all air brakes in the "set" position. Forward impacting speeds are approximately four, six, and eight miles per hour (MPH) consecutively. At the conclusion of the forward impacting, a reverse impact at a minimum speed of eight MPH is accomplished.

A switch engine is used to start the specimen car rolling in the direction of the buffer cars along a 300-foot segment of straight, nearly level trackage. The specimen car is disengaged approximately 75 feet from the point of impact. and allowed to run freely into the line of buffer cars. Refer to Figure 1.

Impact velocities are determined by using an electronic counter which measures the time required for the specimen car to traverse an 11-foot distance immediately prior to impact. The recorded elapsed time is converted electronically into miles per hour (MPH) by utilizing a series of counters and oscillators and a digital computing counter which prints out the impact velocity in MPH.

ASSOCIATION OF AMERICAN RAILROADS (AAR) STANDARD TEST PLAN



5 BUFFER CARS WITH DRAFT GEAR COMPRESSED AND AIR BRAKES IN A SET POSITION

BUFFER CAR TOTAL WT 227,900 LBS (APPROX)

SPECIMEN CAR IS RELEASED BY SWITCH ENGINE AT:

IMPACT NO. 1 4 MPH IMPACT NO. 2 6 MPH IMPACT NO. 3 8 MPH

THEN CAR IS REVERSED AND RELEASED AT IMPACT NO. 4 8 MPH

PART III

TEST SPECIMENS

The transportation equipment that was employed in this testing program consisted of three 20-foot steel Milvan containers, a rail flatcar, a gondola car, and five boxcars. Descriptions of these pieces of equipment follow:

A. Milvan Containers

1. Serial No. 6381

Specification: MIL-C-52661E

Federal Stock Number: 8115-151-9953

Manufacturer: Fab-Weld Corporation

Dimensions: L 20'0", W 8'0", H 8'0"

Tare Weight: 5,785 lbs.

Gross Weight Capacity:

Single: 44,800 lbs.

Tandem: 33,600 lbs.

Maximum Cargo: 39,015 lbs.

Cube Capacity: 1280 cubic feet

2. Serial No. 6448

Specification: MIL-C-52661E

Federal Stock Number: 8115-151-9953

Manufacturer: Fab-Weld Corporation

Dimensions: L 20'0", W 8'0", H 8'0"

Tare Weight: 5,785 lbs.

Gross Weight Capacity:

Single: 44,800 lbs.

Tandem: 33,600 lbs.

Maximum Cargo: 39,015 lbs.

Cube Capacity: 1280 cubic feet

3. Serial No. 8763

Specification: MIL-C-52661E

Federal Stock Number: 8115-151-9953

Manufacturer: Fab-Weld Corporation

Dimensions: L 20'0", W 8'0", H 8'0"

Tare Weight: 5,785 lbs.

Gross Weight Capacity:

Single: 44,800 lbs.

Tandem: 33,600 lbs.

Maximum Cargo: 39,015 lbs.

Cube Capacity: 1280 cubic feet

B. Rail Flatcar

Car Number: BN 606985

Capacity: 110,000 lbs.

Load Limit: 126,600 lbs.

Light Weight: 50,400 lbs.

Dimensions: 53'6" L by 10'6" W

Built: 2-50

C. Gondola Car

Car Number: BN 565799

Capacity: 154,000 lbs.

Load Limit: 163,900 lbs.

Light Weight: 56,100 lbs.

Dimensions: 52'6" L by 9'6" W by 4'6" H

Built: 3-72

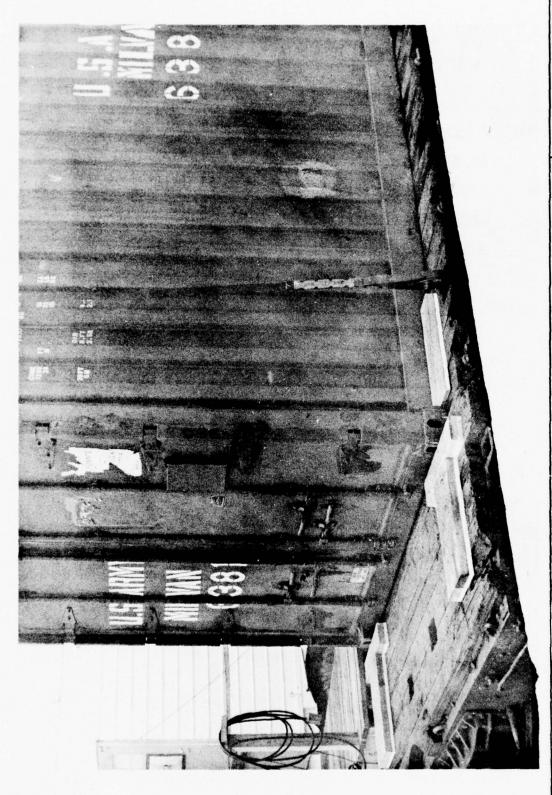
D. Buffer Boxcars

Car Number	<u>Light Weight (1bs.)</u>
USAX 27179	46,000
USAX 27198	46,000
USAX 27085	46,000
USAX 27086	46,000
USAX 26033	43,900
TOTAL	227,900 lbs.

PART IV
TEST RESULTS

IMPACT TEST DATA

Load No.	1	Test	t No	1	Da	ate	Septemb	er 1977
Specimen Load: 2 Empty Milvan Containers (Photograph No. 2)								
Flatcar No.	BN	606985		Lt. Wt.	50,40	00 lbs.		
Container No. 6381 (B-End of car) Lt. Wt. 5,785 lbs.								
Container No. 6448 (A-End of car) Lt. Wt. 5,785 lbs.								
Dunnage Wt. 306 lbs.								
Buffer Car Wt. (5 cars)								
Total Specimen Wt. 62,276 lbs.								
4111111	R END RUCK	IMPACT VELOCITY (MPH)	A-END VOID (IN)	VI. TEAS	TOTAL D	ISPLACEM	ENT (IN)	
HOUDER				No. 6	381	No. 6	448	0 5.4
				B-End	A-End	B-End	A-End	B-End Dunnage
1	В	4.00 (est)	.125	.125	.250	.250	.250	0
2	В	6.16	.250	.250	.375	.375	.375	0
3	В	8.04	.750	.625	.750	.750	.750	.250
4 (Rev)		8.33	0	opposi	inch disp te direct void of 1	tion with	t in the	.250



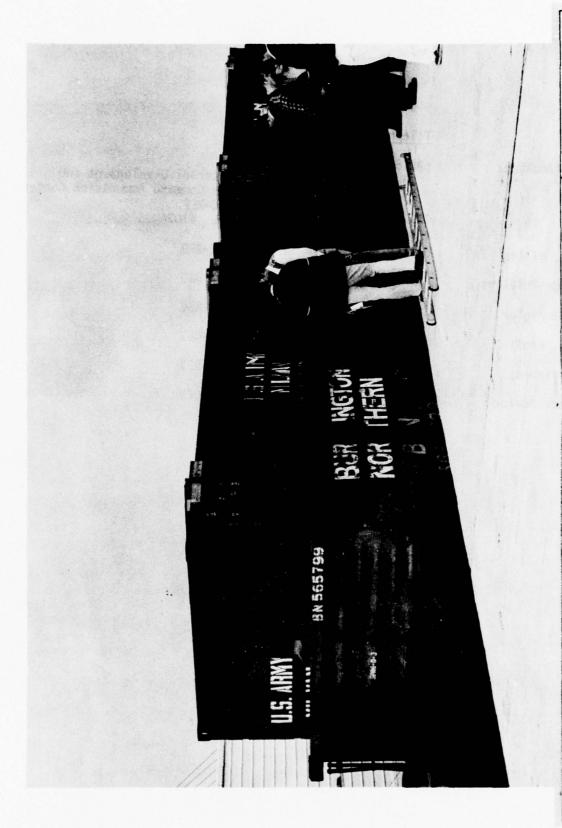
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The header and back-up cleat assemblies at the left must withstand the severe longitudinal forces associated with switching operations. Side blocking and tie-down straps provide lateral and vertical restraint

IMPACT TEST DATA

Load No.		Т	est No	2		Date _	30 Septe	mber 1977
Specimen L	oad:	2 Empty Mil	van Conta	ainers	(Photogr	aph No.	3)	
Gondola No. <u>BN 565799</u> Lt. Wt. <u>56,100 lbs.</u> Container No. <u>6448 (A-End of car)</u> Lt. Wt. <u>5,785 lbs.</u>								
Container No. <u>8763 (B-End of car)</u> Lt. Wt. <u>5,785 lbs.</u>								
		370 lbs.						
		cars)						
Total Spec	imen Wt.	,	68,040	U IDS.				
IMPACT C	AR END Truck	IMPACT VELOCITY (MPH)	VOID		TOTA	AL DISPLA	ACEMENT ((IN)
					No.	6448	No.	8763
					A-End	B-End	A-End	B-End
1	A	3.96	.125		.125	0	0	0
2	A	6.72	.250		.875	.375	0	.125
3*	A	8.05	1.000		1.375	.375	.125	.250
4 (Rev)	В	8.03	0		opposi	te direc	lacement tion with he A-End	h a 1.50

^{*} The forward (A-End) header was slightly cracked and bowed 1 inch forward.



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Empty Milvans were restrained in this gondola car using the procedures detailed in Appendices B and C this report.

PART V LIST OF ATTENDEES

Name	Telephone No.	Address
Mr. Eric Jackson	AU 585-8711	Director US Army Materiel Development and Readiness Command Ammunition Center ATTN: SARAC-MLE Savanna, IL 61074
Mr. D. I. Willis	AU 585-8563	ATTN: SARAC-DEO
Mr. George Phillips	AU 585-8528	ATTN: SARAC-DEO
Mr. H. J. Zigler	AU 585-8526	ATTN: SARAC-ASC
Mr. W. F. Ernst	AU 585-8711	ATTN: SARAC-DEV
Mr. Jack Kenna	AU 585-8741	ATTN: SARAC-DEV
Mr. Robert Monroe	AU 585-8751	ATTN: SARAC-DEV

APPENDIX A

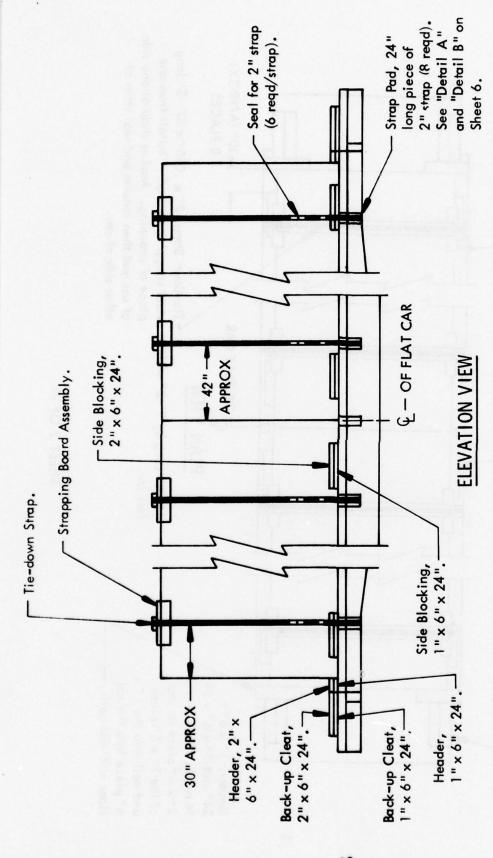
LCADING DIAGRAM

INTERMODAL FREIGHT CONTAINERS ON/IN FLAT CARS AND GONDOLA CARS) (PROPOSED CUTLOADING PROCEDURES FOR "EMPTY" 20-FOOT

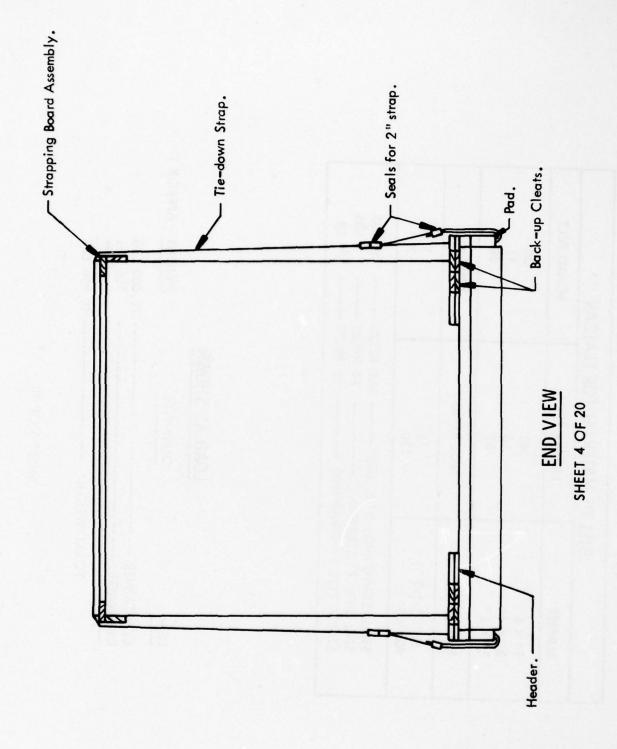
as possible. When wider gondola cars are used, floorline blocking will be lengthened accordingly. 9'-2" wide flat car. A 45'-0" long flat car can also be used with these procedures. The second These procedures depict methods of securing "empty" 20-foot intermodal freight containers on/in flat cars and gondola cars. The first diagram depicts a two-container load on a 46'-6" long by and/or wider cars than specified can be used provided these procedures are followed as closely diagram depicts a three-container load in a 65'-6" long by 9'-2" wide gondola car. Gondola cars with 42" high walls are shown, however, cars with any height walls can be used. Longer diagram depicts a two-container load in a 46'-6" long by 9'-2" wide gondola car. The third

Prepared During July 1977 by: DARCOM Ammunition Center Savanna, Illinois 61074

SHEET 2 OF 20



SHEET 3 OF 20



BILL	BILL OF MATERIAL FOR FLATCAR	TCAR
LUMBER	LINEAR FEET	BOARD FEET
1"×6" 2"×4" 2"×6"	40 16 88	20 11 88
NAILS	NO. REQD	POUNDS
8d (2-1/2") 40d (5")	72 120	7
STEEL STRAPPING, 2" X .050" SEAL FOR 2" STRAPPING STAPLE FOR 2" STRAPPING		164' REQD 55 LBS 24 REQD 5 LBS 16 REQD 1/4 LB

LOAD AS SHOWN

WEIGHT (APPROX)	10,600 LBS 306 LBS	10,906 LBS
QUANTITY	CONTAINER 10,600 LBS	TOTAL WEIGHT 10,906 LBS
ITEM	CONTAINER	TOTAL

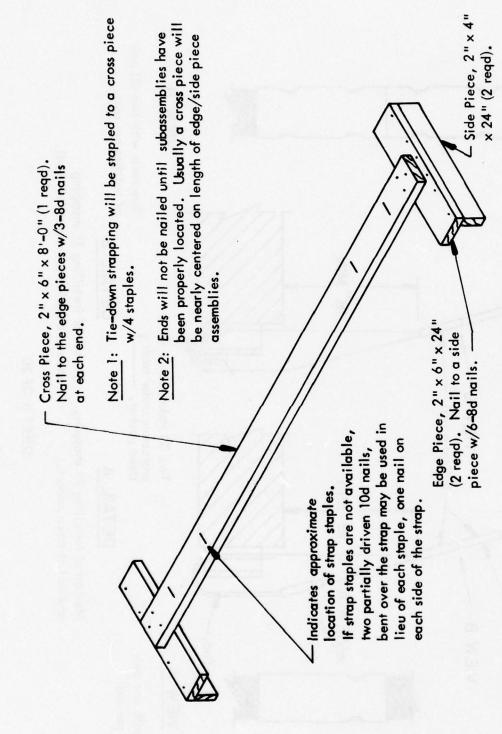
SHEET 5 OF 20

SHEET 6 OF 20

Method of installing 2" strapping and stake pocket protectors (alt pad).

Method of installing 2" strapping

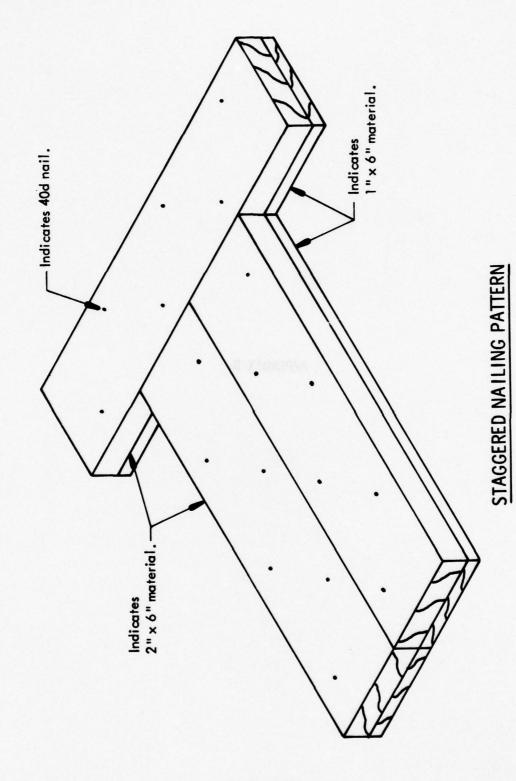
and pad at stake pocket.



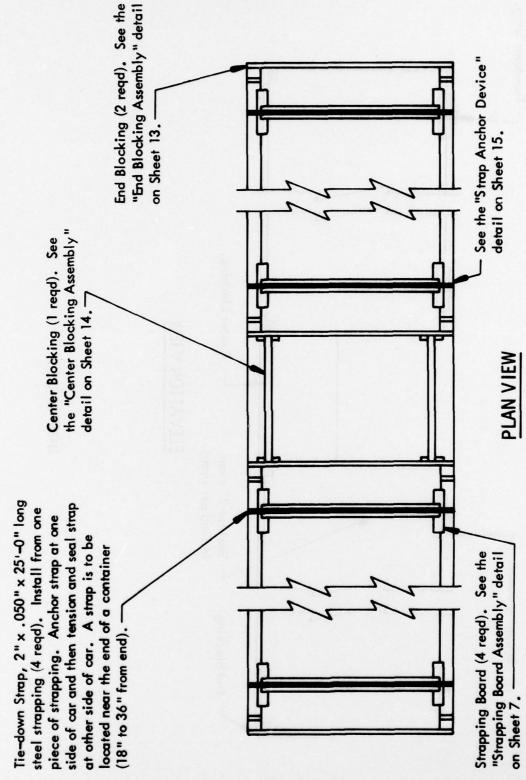
STRAPPING BOARD ASSEMBLY

(2 Reqd / container)

SHEET 7 OF 20



APPENDIX B

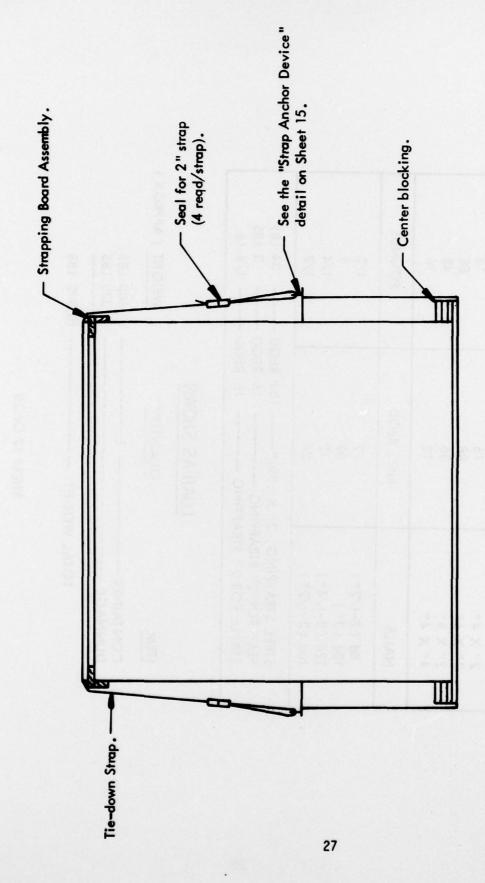


46'-6" Long by 9'-2" wide gondola car with 42" high wall.

SHEET 9 OF 20

SHEET 10 OF 20

ELEVATION VIEW



TYPICAL SECTION

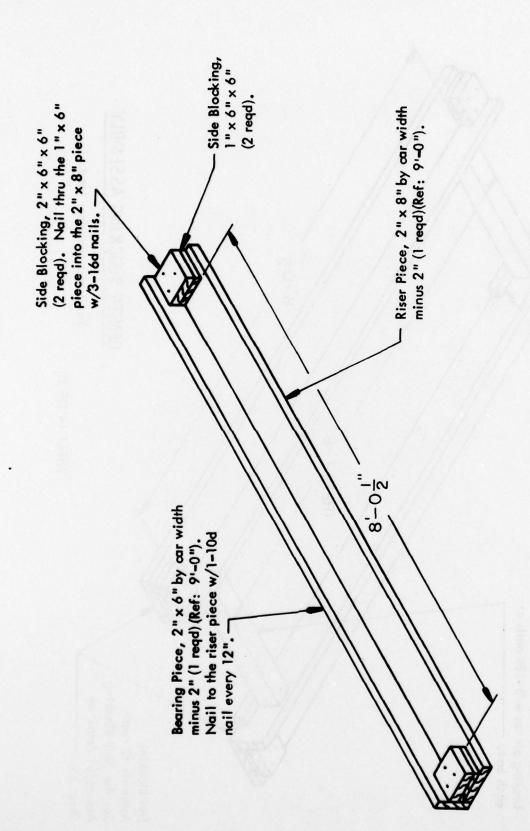
SHEET 11 OF 20

ONDOLA CAR	BOARD FEET	2 10 88 48 16	SOUNDS	1/2	D 34 LBS D 3 LBS D 1/4 LB
BILL OF MATERIAL FOR 46'-6" LONG GONDOLA CAR	LINEAR FEET	4 16 88 36 12	NO. REQD	72 52 12 24	X .050" 100' REQD JG 16 REQD PING 16 REQD
	LUMBER	1" X 6" 2" X 2" 2" X 4" 4" X 8"	NAILS	8d (2-1/2") 10d (3") 12d (3-1/4") 16d (3-1/2")	STEEL STRAPPING, 2" X .050" SEAL FOR 2" STRAPPING STAPLE FOR 2" STRAPPING

LOAD AS SHOWN

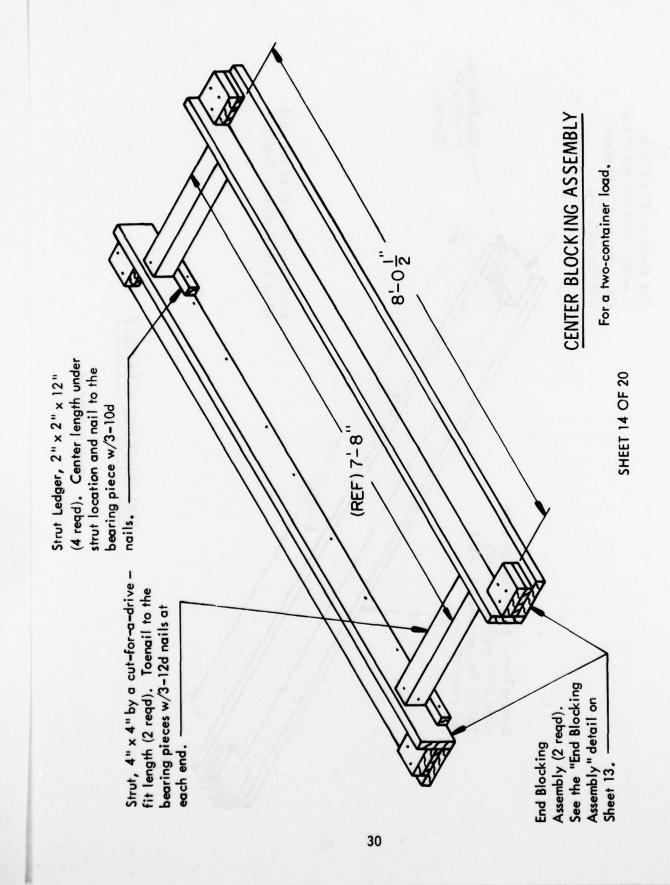
WEIGHT (APPROX)	600 LBS 370 LBS	70 LBS
\$1	10,6	10,9
QUANTITY	CONTAINER 10,600 LBS	TOTAL WEIGHT 10,970 LBS
ITEM	CONTAINER	TOTA

SHEET 12 OF 20

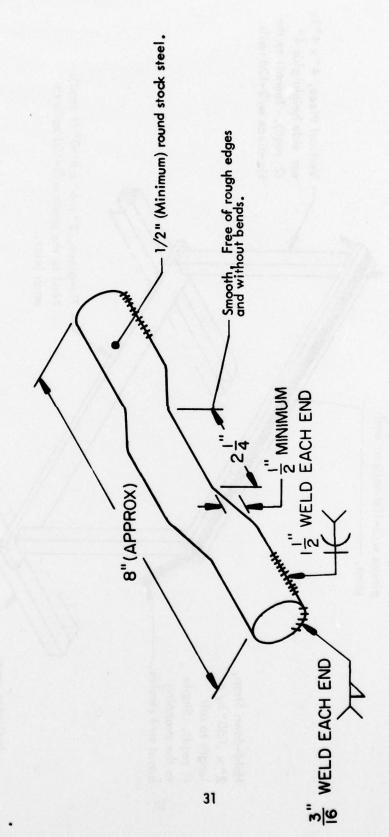


END BLOCKING ASSEMBLY

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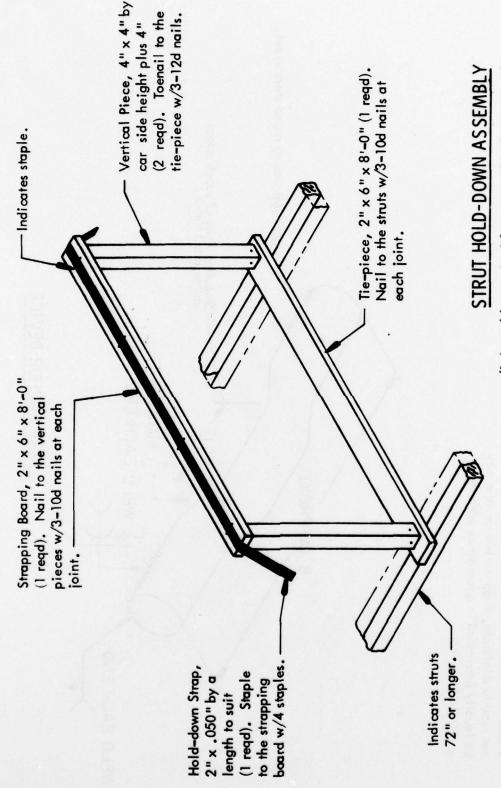


If cars with strap anchor tie-down facilities are not readily available, strap anchor devices may be locally fabricated in accordance with the detail shown below.



STRAP ANCHOR DEVICE

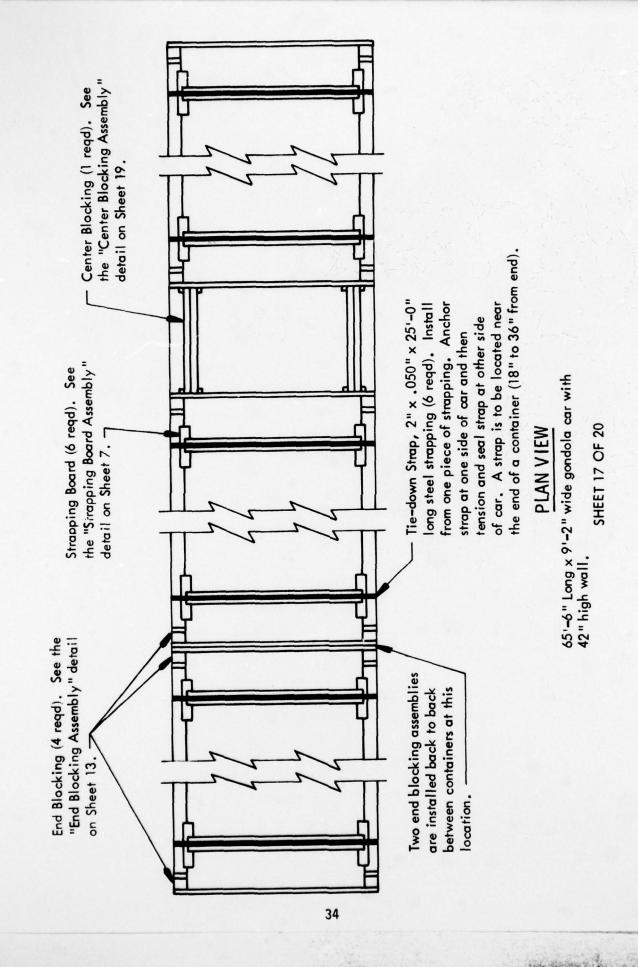
SHEET 15 OF 20

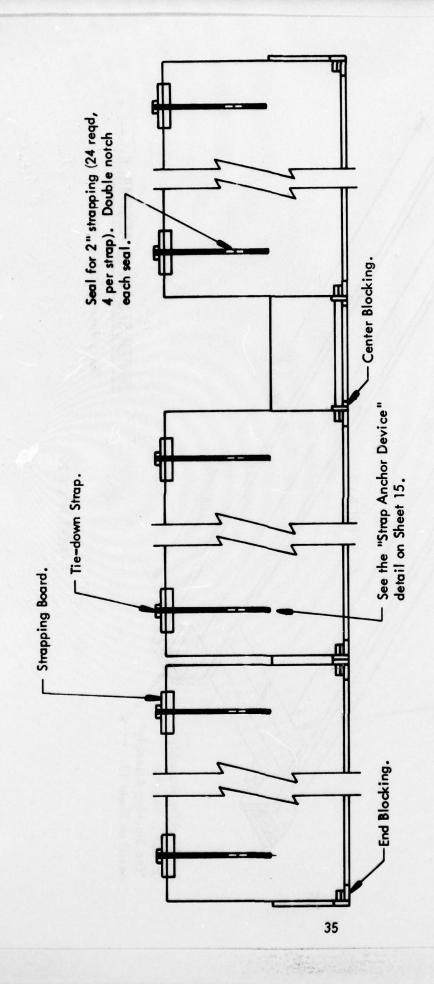


(1 Assembly required for every 72" of strut length).

SHEET 16 OF 20

APPENDIX C





ELEVATION VIEW

65'-6" Long x 9'-2" wide gondola car with 42" high side wall.

SHEET 18 OF 20

CENTER BLOCKING ASSEMBLY For a three-container load. 8-02 7-4" (REF) w/3-10d nails. -Strut, 4" x 4" by a cut-for-drive-fit length (4 reqd). Toenail to a bearing piece w/3-12d nails End Blocking Assembly (2 reqd). See the "End Blocking Assembly" detail on Sheet 13. at each end. -36

Strut Ledger, $2" \times 2" \times 12"$ (4 reqd). Center length under strut location

and nail to the bearing piece

SHEET 19 OF 20

	WEIGHT (APPROX)	CED E DMAE ET E (SA SE E WL DESET	
	WEIGHT	15,900 LBS 557 LBS	16,457 LBS
LOAD AS SHOWN	QUANTITY	CONTAINER 15,900 LBS	TOTAL WEIGHT 16,457 LBS
	ITEM	CONTAINER -	101

SHEET 20 OF 20

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  US Marine Corps (CODE CSX - Mr. R. L. Duckett) Washington, DC 20380 (1 cy)
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    (OASDINL - LTC McElwain) RM 3C838, Pentagon Bldg, Washington, DC 20301
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